

BRAKE BLEEDER KIT

1. Fill master cylinder reservoir with new brake fluid. Do not reuse brake fluid as it contains small air bubbles that will be reintroduced into system.
IMPORTANT: KEEP MASTER CYLINDER RESERVOIR FULL DURING BRAKE BLEEDING OPERATIONS.
Do not allow reservoir to become empty!
2. Assemble bleeder kit attaching short hose to fitting on inside lid of bottle. Attach long hose to corresponding fitting on outside (top) of lid.
3. Select adapter that best fits bleeder screw.
4. Refer to manufacturer's guide for brake bleeding directions (generally you start with the wheel cylinder/caliper furthest from master cylinder and progress towards master cylinder).
5. Connect adapter with bleeder screw.
6. Pump brake pedal slowly until pedal pressure becomes hard.
While holding pedal down, open bleeder screw.
Check hose for air bubbles.
7. When pedal goes to floor, close bleeder screw and repeat Step #6 until no bubbles are visible in hose.
8. Firmly tighten bleeder screw, then remove bleeder kit.
9. Repeat procedure for remaining wheel cylinders/calipers.



WARNING! Brake fluid is corrosive. Avoid contact with painted surfaces, clothing, skin and eyes. Wear eye protection. Follow vehicle manufacturer's sequence order for bleeding brake lines. If you jack vehicle up, **BE SURE TO USE JACK STANDS!**