

4T40E-PRT: Saves 3 Valve Bodies

Why?: Inboard end of PR bore wears out. This causes the circuit to make **HIGH** line pressure all the time. **Pumps** will stand high line for short bursts, but are **not designed** to handle **all time HIGH** pressure.

Hello Mechanic and Shop: Planet Burnup, Codes 1887 & 742, Burned Forward or Reverse Friction, Overheating [Burned Fluid]. Almost everything that happens to this trans, except molded seals falling off clutch pistons, is caused by wear in PR Valve Bore. Fix it while you have it so you won't get to do it again free.



See Wear? Install PR valve all the way. Move it rightward until it disappears here. Hook valve with bent wire and wiggle. **Valve Must NOT Wiggle!**



"We love this FIX Really works Great"
Mr Shift

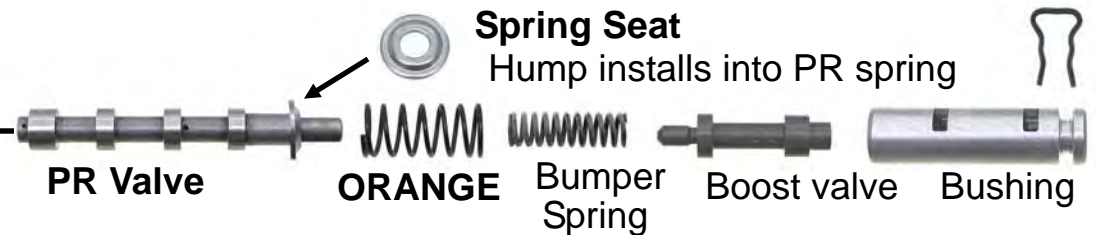


Hook with wire here.

3. Insert **Reamer** and **Guide** into bore until **Snap Ring** touches casting. Turn **Reamer SLOWLY** ($1/4$ speed) with drill motor.

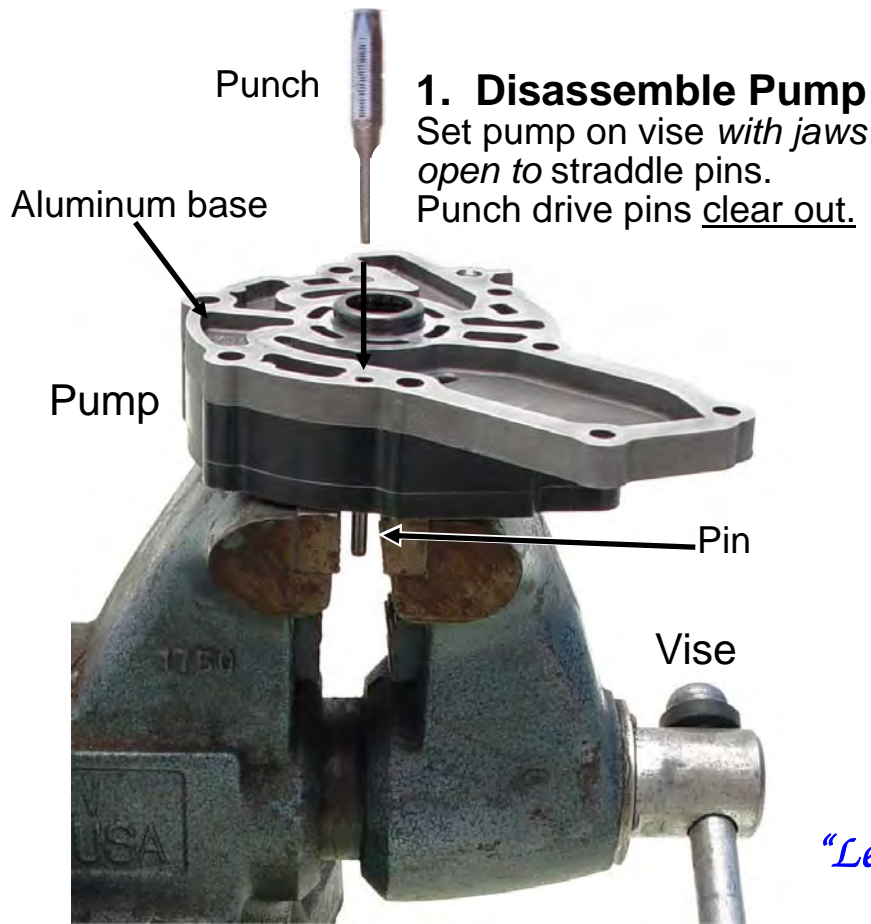
4. Install new **PR Valve**, **Spring Seat** and **ORANGE** spring. Reinstall the original bumper spring, boost valve and bushing.

Snap Ring
Turn SLOW



OVER

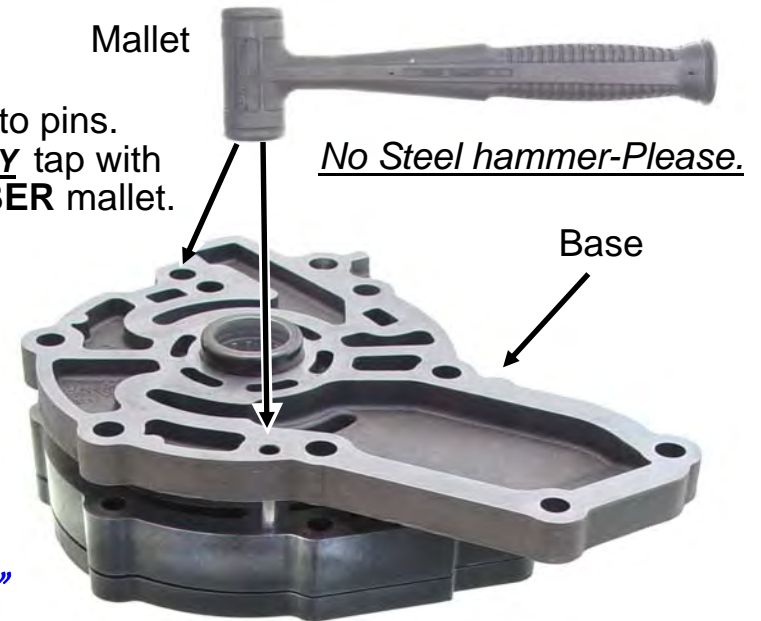




1. Disassemble Pump
 Set pump on vise *with jaws open to straddle pins.*
 Punch drive pins clear out.

LISTEN UP: The pump is very often **DAMAGED.**
 You **MUST** inspect it **INSIDE.** Here's how to: **LOOK**
 at it w/o **Damaging** it and be **buying a new one.**

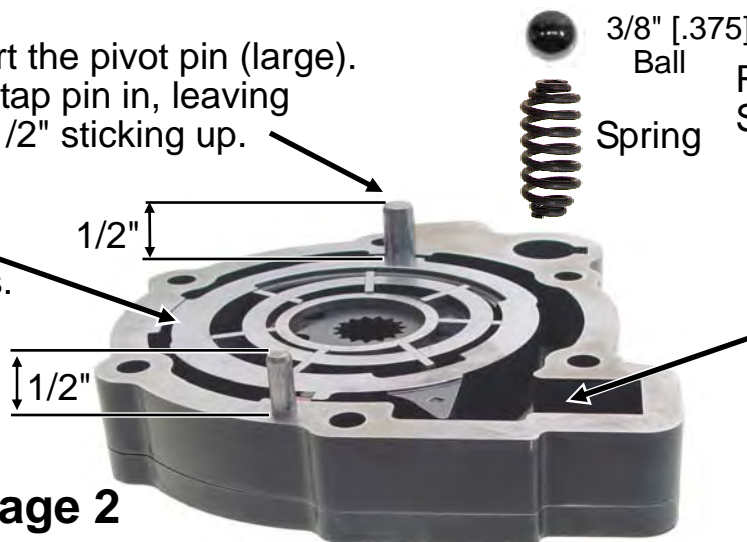
7. Start base onto pins.
 Evenly and GENTLY tap with **PLASTIC** or **RUBBER** mallet.



Mr Shift®
"Let's hear from You"

Pump Assembly

- 3.** Install the pump slide and seals, rings, rotor and vanes.
- 2.** Start smaller locating pin first. Gently tap pin in, leaving about 1/2" sticking up.
- 4.** Start the pivot pin (large). Gently tap pin in, leaving about 1/2" sticking up.



5. Install **PLAIN** Priming Spring
Original Spring Breaks Often